MEASUREMENT REPORT / APPLICATION NOTE / CASE STUDY





Used Equipment:

NEO PQA8000H-P:

Supraharmonic Power Quality Analyser

NEO GIA-I:

Supraharmonic Grid Impedance Analyser

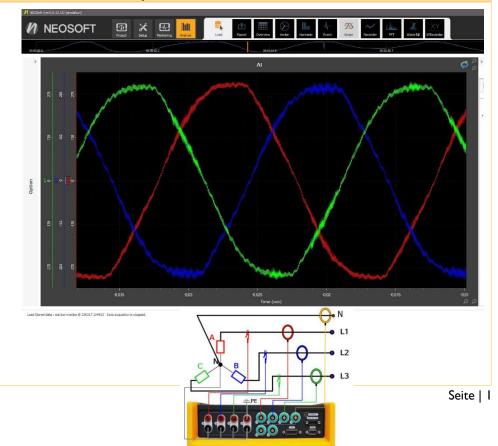
www.neo-messtechnik.com

Initial Situation: The connection of an Hybrid Photovoltaic Inverter with zero feed-in causes problems to equipment connected close by such as a water pump station in the neighboorhood or the malfunction of Smart meters and distortion of the digital PLC communication.

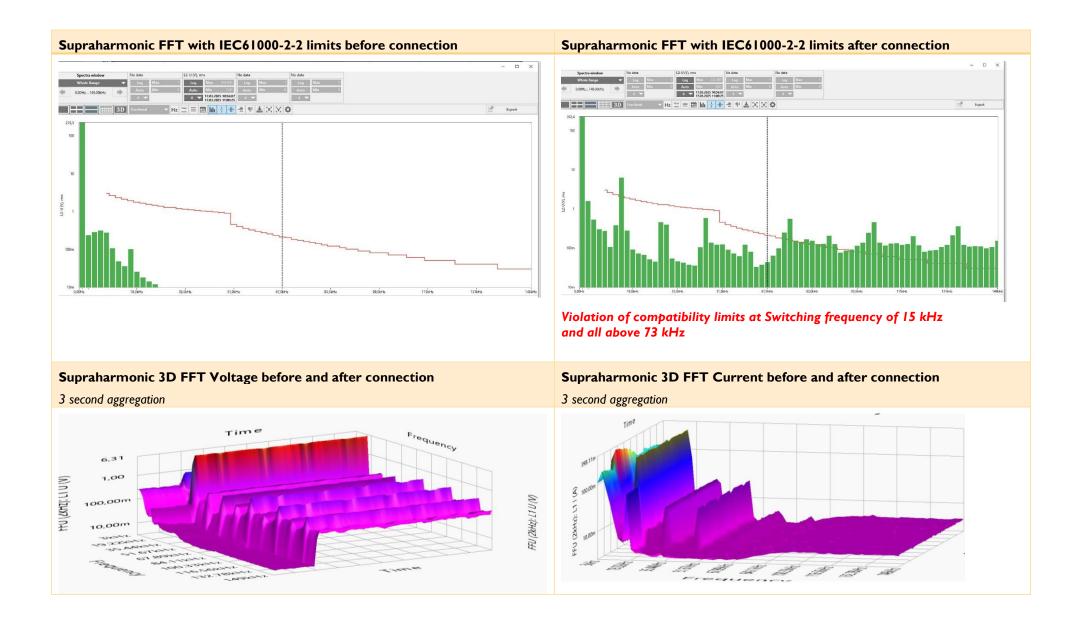
Key Findings and Conclusions:

- Harmonic emissions (IEC61000-3-2) are within limits
- Supraharmonic emissions 2-9 kHz (IEC61000-3-10) are within limits.
- High Supraharmonic emissions between 10 kHz 150 kHz and above 500 kHz
- There are no supraharmonic emission limits for devices between 9-150 kHz
- Compatibility levels of IEC61000-2-2 and -2-4 are exceed at switching frequency of 15 kHz (6 V) and for all frequencies above 72 kHz
- Conducted emissions are too high so there is a violation of LVD and CE
- Suparharmonic Grid Impedance change between 6 12 kHz (LCL filter and DC link capacitor)
- Power Line Communication for Smart metering not possible in CENELEC bands
- Possible Mitigation: 1) Inverter exchange 2) Additional filter for inverter
 3) Change of frequency for power line communication
 Ineffective mitigation: 1) PLC filter 2) PLC repeater

Scope after connection of PV inverter









Supraharmonic 2D FFT Voltage 5 Hz band - linear scaling

I MS/s

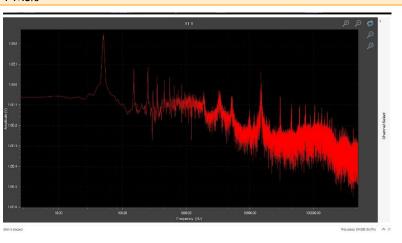
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Very high emissions over full frequency range.

Product does not fullfill EMC requirements of LVDC regulation and requirements for CE compliance.

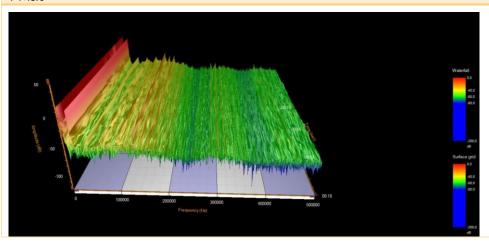
Supraharmonic 2D FFT Voltage 5 Hz band – logarithmic scaling

I MS/s



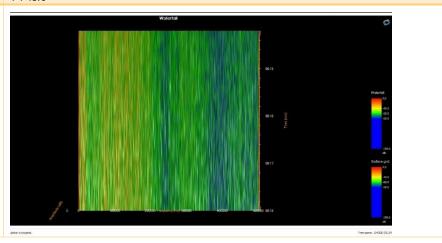
Supraharmonic 3D FFT Voltage 5 Hz band – Waterfall

I MS/s

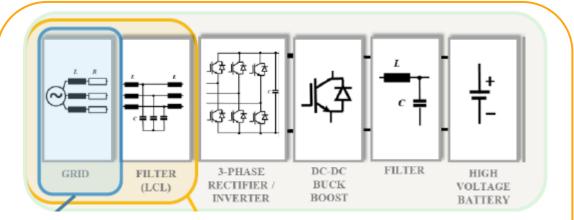


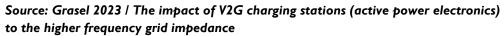
Supraharmonic 3D FFT Voltage 5 Hz band - Waterfall Top

I MS/s









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